INSTITUTE for **REPLICATION**

Email: instituteforreplication@gmail.com X: https://twitter.com/I4Replication Webpage: https://i4replication.org/ Making Reproducibility Research More Systematic From the Social Sciences to Epidemiological and Medical Research?

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Taking Stock

Reproductions/replications in the social sciences:

- Very small number of (individual) reproductions/replications published

» About 20 publications per year in economics (ref. Replication Network)

» Focus on experimental studies (Open Science Framework and Camerer et al., 2016 and 2018)

- Why such a small number of reproductions/replications?
 - Lack of incentives; Harmful for career?

- Bad equilibrium and lack of norms/guidelines
 - Only "negative" reproductions/replications are disseminated

Taking Stock: Health Sciences

- Reproductions/replications in the health sciences:
 - Similar issues
 - » Cobey et al. 2023, Lee and Hanage 2020, Peng et al. 2006, Wallach and Basu 2017
 - » Discussion on definitions and way forward, but lacking mass reproducibility efforts

Can we learn from the social sciences?

– Proposal at the end for public health/epidemiology

Definitions

• Computational reproducibility (same code/data):

 Ability to duplicate the results of a prior study using the same data and procedures as were used by the original investigator.

Robustness reproducibility (sensitivity analysis):

 Ability to duplicate the results of a prior study using the same data but different procedures as were used by the original investigator.

• Replicability (new data):

– Ability to duplicate the results of a prior study using new data.

Institute for Replication (I4R)

Launched in 2022

• Initial focus on economics and political science:

– New collaborations with Nature Human Behaviour and Psychological Science

• Objectives:

- Mass reproduction and replication
- Change norms through collaborations with editors, original authors and replicators

Which Studies Are Reproduced/Replicated?

- Start with journals that have a data availability/code policy:
 - Selected top economics and political science journals
 - List here: <u>https://i4replication.org/reports.html</u>
- Only going forward (studies published in 2022-)
- Expand selection of journals
 - » Psychological Science (2024-)
 - » Nature Human Behaviour (2023-)

I4R's Strategies for Generating Reproductions/Replications

- Identify studies to be reproduced/replicated
 - » Empirical studies published in selected leading journals
 - » Check if data and codes available
 - » Check if data can be accessed and by whom
 - » Then reproduce the results (or done by data editor)

-(1) Editorial board selects replicators

- » Invitation to replicators sent by email
 - Similar to requesting referee reports
- » Choice of replicators is based on knowledge of the literature and data, but also data access in some cases

I4R's Strategies for Generating Replications

-(2) Replication Games

- » Team of 3-5 researchers with similar interests
 - Mix of PhD students, faculty and researchers
 - Assign study to reproduce/replicate 3 weeks before Games
 - Replication during/after Games: robustness or recoding
 - Start games with "We Will Rock Replicate You" song

- » 25+ scheduled events for 2024:
 - London, Toronto, UCLA, UC Berkeley, Brown, Northwestern, Seattle, Cambridge, Sydney, Melbourne, Rotterdam, Munich...
 - About 700 participants for 2023

I4R's Strategies for Generating Replications

- -(3) Admin data, non-public data and lab experiments
 - » Payments to replicators (USD 5,000)
 - Start this stream this Summer
 - Especially key in economics with large admin data sets that can only be accessed in data centers
 - Also lab replications with new data for experiments published in top economics journals

Replicators

Anonymous if wanted

No incentives to show that the results do not reproduce/replicate

- Positive and negative replications are disseminated

Conflict of interest

- Cannot be colleague, recent collaborator, friend, etc.

They choose "how" to reproduce/replicate

- Different design / research question requires different specification check
 - » Identification of coding errors could lead to different checks
- But general guidelines (with examples of specification checks) are provided to the replicators
- Pre-analysis plan required

Once a Reproduction/Replication Is Completed

• (1) Replicators provide report to the Institute

- Similar to a referee report (use a template)
- May remain anonymous
- (2) Reviewed by Chair and sent to original authors

• (3) Authors respond (if they want)

• (4) Publicly release as I4R discussion papers (or on OSF) simultaneously report and response

Communication with Original Authors

Authors almost always respond:

- 95% of original authors that A.B. reached out to responded to his email, of which one author whose email bounced back
- Of those that responded, 22% provided a short note (e.g., thanking replicators) or mentioned they could not respond (e.g., due to personal reasons or ongoing conflict in their country)
- 54% provided feedback without a formal response
- And 24% provided a formal response

Remaining disagreements for only 18% of articles in our sample

Communication with Original Authors

Clarifications or help needed?

- We asked replicators whether their team or I4R contacted, or attempted to contact, the original authors for clarifications?
- About 40% of replicators contacted (through I4R) the authors for clarifications
 - » Replication package was unclear, help to computationally reproduce the original authors' results; unable to access the original authors' data; verifying coding errors, etc.
- About 66% mentioned that interacting with the original authors improved the quality of their report

Collaboration with Editors

Put together 3 special issues dedicated to replications

- Research & Politics, Canadian Journal of Economics and Economic Inquiry
- Replication Section: Journal of Political Economy: Micro, World Development Perspectives, Spatial Economic Analysis, etc.

Collaboration with Psych Science and NHB

Surveys of editors

- https://i4replication.org/publishing.html

Discipline	Journal	Editor	Q1 - Code	Q2 - Code	Long Answer
Economics	Journal of Economics	John Doe	Yes	No	In fact, this journal does not regularly publish commentary about prior publications

First Meta Paper: About 350 Authors

110 robustness reproductions or replications:

- Very selected sample; most of these journals have a data editor

About 5,000 new point estimates from the following re-analyses:

- (i) alternative choice of control variables
- (ii) changing the sample
- (iii) changing the dependent variable
- (iv) changing the main independent variable
- (v) changing the estimation method/model
- (vi) changing the method of inference
- (vii) change weighting scheme
- (viii) replication using new data

First Meta Paper

• 25% of studies have a coding error:

- Range from minor to MAJOR
 - » Ex. 75% of observations are duplicates
 - » Not cleaning raw data (e.g., St. Louis, St Louis, StLouis, ...)
 - » Not fully interacting DID model
 - » Not specifying GMM function

Mentioning something in the paper, but doing something else in the code

– Rare, but happened twice for inference

Important coding decisions buried in footnote or appendix

First Meta Paper: t-curves



Figure 3: Distributions of t-Statistics for Original Studies and Re-Analyses

First Meta Paper: p-curves

Original Studies - p-values

Re-Analysis Studies - p-values



Robustness Reproducibility Rate

About 70% of re-analyses remain significant at 5% and same sign

Table 4: Shifts in Statistical Significance Regions									
	Re-Analysis Significance Level								
Original Significance Level	Sign Change	Not Sig.	Sig. at 10%	Sig. at 5%	Sig. at 1%	Total			
Not Significant	12.83	77.32	4.54	2.77	2.54	100.00			
Significant at 10%	6.49	45.89	27.27	13.42	6.93	100.00			
Significant at 5%	3.45	26.91	10.00	44.36	15.27	100.00			
Significant at 1%	5.08	11.24	3.91	6.99	72.77	100.00			
Total	7.31	37.70	7.14	13.31	34.55	100.00			

Robustness Reproducibility Rate

Barriers to sensitivity analysis:

- Self-report: by far the main barrier is the lack of raw data

Re-analyses by type:

- Lowest robustness reproducibility rates for: (i) changing the dependent variable, (ii) sample and (iii) weights
- Highest for: (iv) changing independent variable, (v) inference method
- Middle-range: (vi) new data, (vii) change estimation, (viii) change controls

Conclusion

- High computational reproducibility rates
- Severe issues with only a small number of studies
- Potential robustness/sensitivity issues for some studies
- Positive impact on views of the discipline:
 - 40% of replicators report that the quality of the replication package led them to have a more optimistic view of the discipline
 - Another 40% reported no impact on their views

Proposal for Public Health

- Major challenge is lack of data and code availability policies
 - Working with editors
 - Need a full-time researcher/student to prepare replication package for replication games participants

Currently working on a grant proposal

Need to build a board for public health/epidemiology

Appendix

Paper Choice

Figure 13: For what reasons did you select your specific paper to reproduce and/or replicate from the list of papers provided? (Select all which apply)



First Meta Paper: Computational Reproducibility

Figure 1: 10-Point Computationally Reproducibility Sore



Many-Analysts: Results Next Week!

- 1-2. "Does reproducibility/replicability rate depend on replicators' experience coding?" or "academic experience?"
- 3. "Does reproducibility/replicability rate depend on the authors' experience?"
- 4. "Does reproducibility/replicability rate depend on the interaction of the authors' experience and replicators' experience?"
- 5. "Does reproducibility/replicability rate depend on the interaction of the authors' prestige and replicators' prestige?"
- 6-7. "Does reproducibility/replicability rate depend on the original authors providing raw data?" or "raw or intermediate data?"
- 8. "Does reproducibility/replicability rate depend on the original authors providing cleaning code?

First Meta Paper: Relative Effect Size

Figure 5: Relative Effect Size



How Can you Contribute?

This is your Institute! Help us make your discipline more open and credible!

• Editors:

- Contact us if you want to put together a special issue, section, or data and codes policy

• Researchers:

- Contact us if you'd like to reproduce/replicate a study
- Or participate in Replication Games
- Or if you have already replicated a study and want to disseminate it

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Figure 11: Code Availability



Figure 10: Data Availability



Which of the following best describes how the replication package aligned with your expectations:

Answered: 276 Skipped: 37



Notes: This Figure illustrates the responses to the question: "For what reasons did you select your specific paper to reproduce and/or replicate from the list of papers provided?".

Active Work Days

Figure 15: Number of Active Work Days



Publishing Replications

- Special issues dedicated to replications:
 - Politics: Research & Politics
 - Economics: (i) Canadian Journal of Economics and (ii) Economic Inquiry
- Journals with replication section
 - Journal of Political Economy: Micro, World Development Perspectives, Spatial Economic Analysis, etc.
- Survey of editors and more information:
 - https://i4replication.org/publishing.html

Discipline	Journal	Editor	Q1 - Code	Q2 - Code	Long Answer
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Incentives for Replicators

- Help with publication and dissemination of their replication
 - Put in contact with other replicator(s) replicating same study
 - Special issue at selected journals
 - Submit session proposals to conferences including AEA P&P
 - Replicators are automatically coauthors for meta-paper
 - Collaborating with instructors who have their graduate students replicate studies

Platform and Guidelines for Replications

- Social Science Reproduction Platform
 - -<u>https://www.socialsciencereproduction.org/</u>

 Guide for Accelerating Computational Reproducibility in the Social Sciences (ACRe): <u>https://bitss.github.io/ACRE/</u>

• Template (word document) for replicators

Proprietary data

Most studies include multiple data types:

- Prepare a file with the name of the data set and how it can be accessed
 - » Data editors already do part of this work
- This information will then be shared with the editorial board
- Role of editors is to identify potential replicators who have access to the data and have excellent knowledge of the literature

Collaboration with cascad: <u>https://www.cascad.tech/</u>

Instructions given to replicators

What are sensible robustness checks?

– Set of possible specifications is very large

» Possibility of adding variables to the analysis

What should replicators focus on:

- Identify the main or preferred specification and main results
 - » Not always described by the original authors
 - » Different replicators may focus on different results depending on data availability or skills (similar to a referee report)

Instructions given to replicators

• Using same sample: Examples of robustness checks:

- Coding of dep var, main indep variable and controls
- -Weight
- Standard errors
- Outliers
- Choice of parameters
- Compare PAP to non-PAP
- Anything else? Need to talk to macroeconomists...

Instructions given to replicators

• Changing sample: Examples of robustness checks:

- Look at the raw data and check data restrictions made (e.g., dropping individuals outside and age range)
- Do the restrictions make sense? Are the results robust to changing those restrictions?

Adding new variables: Examples of robustness checks:

– Adding key missing control variables