## **Alkaline Lysis Miniprep**

- 1. Spin down 1.5mls bacteria in a microcentrifuge at 15,000rpms. Aspirate off broth.
- 2. Resuspend pellet extremely well in QIAGEN resuspension solution-100uls.
- 3. Add 200ul of QIAGEN lysis buffer. Place on ice for 5min.
- 4. Add 1/2 volume –150uls 7.5M Ammonium Acetate (pH 7.4). Mix well and place on ice for 5 mins.
- 5. Spin down for 5min at 15,000rpms. Recover supernatant being extremely careful not to include any SDS or contaminating agents. Add 0.7vol –300uls 2-propanol. Mix well and precipitate at 15,000rpms for 15mins.
- 6. Dry pellet, resuspend in 400uls dH20 and place at 65°-3min. Add 100uls 10M Ammonium Acetate. Mix well and place on ice for 5mins.
- 7. Spin down protein debris for 6mins at 15,000rpms. Recover supernatant. Add 0.7vol –350uls Isopropanol. Mix well and precipitate for 15mins.
- 8. Dry pellet, resuspend in 20-50uls TE plus RNase.

\*1.5ml culture=8+ug DNA

## **Alternative Boiling Method**

- 1. Inoculate 5 ml of LB (Luria-Bertani) broth or TB (Terrific Broth) plus the appropriate antibiotic with an isolated colony of interest. Shake the sample(s) overnight at 37° C.
- 2. Transfer 750 ml of each overnight culture to a 1.5 ml Eppendorf tube. Add 15 ml Triton X-100 and 7.5 ml of a 10mg/ml lysozyme solution (from Maniatis). Vortex briefly. Place on ice for one minute.
- 3. Pierce each lid with a needle. Place in boiling water for one minute. *Alternatively, can put tubes in 100°C heat block for two minutes.* Immediately spin in microcentrifuge at maximum rpm for 8 minutes.
- 4. Transfer the supernatant phase to a fresh 1.5 ml Eppendorf tube. Add an equal volume amount of isopropanol. Vortex thoroughly and place on ice for two minutes.
- 5. Spin in a microfuge at maximum rpm for 10 minutes. Pour off supernatant. Dry pellet in speed-vac for 5-10 minutes.
- 6. Resuspend in 30ul of TE plus 1ul RNase. Use 5-10ul for each restriction digest.

*Notes: - This prep works well for DH5a and XL1Blue; mixed results may be obtained with TG1 and MV1190. Reference is Rajeevan, M. S. and Bassett, C. L. (1994) BioTechniques 16, 376-380.*