



Population Health Clerkship: The Lemuel Shattuck Hospital Incarcerated and Urban Working Poor

Zachary Dyer, Tzeidel Eichenberg, Nora Feeney, Kelly Flanagan, Emily Hudson, Kelsey Jones, Hannah Mills, Mohamad Nasrallah, Eric Neal, and Rose Schutzberg

FLEMUEL SHATTUCK HOSPITAL

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Massachusetts Department of Public Health NO EMERGENCY SERVICES AVAIL ABLE





The Shattuck Mission

- Mission: To address public health needs through the delivery of compassionate medical and psychiatric care to patients requiring multidisciplinary treatment and support.
- Lemuel Shattuck Hospital (LSH) is one of 4 Department of Public Health hospitals in the state.
- Other hospitals include the Pappas Rehabilitation Hospital for Children, Tewksbury Hospital, and Western Massachusetts Hospital.
- LSH is committed to serving patients who are economically and socially disadvantaged.



Hospital Snapshot



Lemuel Shattuck Hospital - 2017 Admissions*		Common Inpatient Diagnoses*	
		Schizophrenia, Schizoaffective Disorder	
Male, Female	80%, 20%	Infective Endocarditis	
	43%	Bacteremia	
Racial Minority		Osteomyelitis	
Incarcerated	40%		
Incarcerated	40%	Common Outpatient Visit Conditions*	
Incarcerated	40%	Common Outpatient Visit Conditions* Hepatitis C	
Incarcerated Average Age	40% 49 years		
		Hepatitis C	











Inpatient Birth Year Distribution





Top 10 Inpatient Admission Condition



Top 15 Outpatient Visit Conditions









Medical Risk Exposures

- IV drug use \rightarrow endocarditis, osteomyelitis, bacteremia, abscesses
- Lack of access \rightarrow untreated or poorly controlled chronic illness
 - Diabetes
 - Hypertension
 - Mental Health Disorders
- Homelessness→ exposure to extreme temperatures, difficult to manage meds for chronic conditions, violence/injuries



Social Risk Exposures



In the Hospital Outside of the Hospital Homelessness Long hospital stays (4 - 8 weeks) Lack of support Polysubstance use systems Ongoing drug use Physical, emotional, and Mental illness on inpatient floors sexual abuse and Shattuck Lack of access grounds (PICC Trauma (adverse life to mental health lines in patients events) care with SUD) **Complex medical issues** Recurrent Disruptive behavior exposure to (multiple providers, (e.g. selling drugs substances polypharmacy) on the floors)



Professions at the Shattuck



Milieu Therapists	Medical Doctors	
Social Workers	Nurses	
Addictions Counselors	Certified MAT Prescribers	
Psychologists and Psychiatrists	Pharmacists	
Case Managers	Pharmacy Techs	
Physician Assistants and Nurse Practitioners	Dieticians	
Certified Nursing Assistants	Therapists (PT, OT, SLP)	
Administrators	Correctional Officers (8 North inmate floor)	
Students (Medical, PA, NP)	Interpreters	





Interprofessional Care at the Shattuck

Acute Care

Ambulatory Care

Correctional Healthcare for DOC Inmates

Inpatient Addiction Services

Outpatient Addiction Services

Psychiatry/Psychology

Social Work

Other teams: Case Management, PT, OT, Speech Therapy, Infectious Disease, Palliative Care, Pharmacy, Pastoral Care, Medical Ethics Acute & chronic disease management

Mental health services

Social services

Substance use counseling & treatment

Discharge planning

https://www.mass.gov/locations/lemuel-shattuck-hospital





The Interdisciplinary Team

Strengths

- Increases access to specialized care
- Can cover medical and "upstream" social needs in one place
- More idea sharing and systems in place to provide individualized treatment plans for patients
- Patients can connect with and form relationships with a variety of different people, some of whom they may connect with better than others
- Patients have more options in what kinds of treatment they can receive

Limitations

- Large teams can make communication more challenging
- May have disagreements about the best way to care for a patient
- Different team members may have better or worse relationships with the patients, and may have access to varying information about the patient's history makes communication and documentation especially important





On- Site Departments

- Medical and Surgical
- HIV Health Care
- Ambulatory Services
- Tuberculosis Care
- Geriatric Evaluation and
 Treatment
- Correctional Health Care
- Metro Boston Mental Health Units
- On-Site Supported Services

On-Site Bed Summary

Medical	Psychiatry	Shelter	Residential Treatment	Total
145	115	125	162	547



On-Site Supported Services



Pine Street Inn - Shattuck Emergency Shelter

Substance Abuse Transitional Beds

Primary Care Program for the Homeless

Housing and Employment Search

Living and Recovering Community (LARC)

Women's Hope

High Point Detox

PSI: Shattuck Shelter and Stabilization Program





Advocacy for Our Population

- 1. National level: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration
- 2. State level: Massachusetts Association for Mental Health
- 3. Locally: Pine Street Inn





About SAMHSA

- Who they are: a government agency that is part of the Department of Health and Human Services
- Advocacy work: raising awareness of/decreasing stigma around MAT, "Too Smart to Start" campaign, provide grants to related research
- **Criticisms:** current leader, McCance-Katz, has been critiqued for overemphasizing pharmacological treatment, and under-emphasizing behavioral and community-based treatment; 2012 congressional investigation on the Sandy Hook shooting found SAMHSA partially at fault

Source: <u>https://www.samhsa.gov/</u>, New York Times





About MA Association for Mental Health

- Who they are: Non-governmental non-profit with 100+ years of history
- Advocacy work: five-tiered approach-- health promotion, prevention, access improvement, system reform, legal advocacy. Allows them to target patients and their families, communities, lawmakers, and healthcare providers in a systematic, purposeful way. Contribute to research on local population health.
- **Criticisms:** Unknown. Boston Globe has published several op-eds lauding their work.

Source: https://www.mamh.org/





About the Pine Street Inn

- Who they are: non-governmental, non-profit shelters/housing assistance in Boston, expanded across New England, plus a vendor at LSH!
- Advocacy work: helping folks that are unhoused get registered to vote, street outreach and job training, policy-level advocacy, participation on local community research and dialogue
- **Criticisms:** From a donor/volunteer's perspective, it is highly rated on Charity Navigator, variable success for clients

Source: http://www.pinestreetinn.org/





Clinicians as Advocates

- Get educated about pharmacological treatments for SUD, such as Suboxone and methadone; talk about them openly with peers and patients.
- Encourage patients and peers to view behavioral treatment as a vital part of healthcare.
- Help to integrate social work into inpatient discharge planning, and avoid discharge to settings that are not conducive to sobriety.
- Do not refer patients to sober living that are not "ready" for recovery.
- Understand that "recovery takes a village."

Source: Liz Burden, MSW, MPH, Director of Social Work at LSH





Relevant Legislation

The Substance Use Disorder Prevention that Promotes Opioid Recovery and Treatment (SUPPORT) for Patients and Communities Act was signed by President Donald Trump on October 24, 2018.

- Will allow physicians, advanced practice nurses, and physician assistants to deliver MAT in settings other than opioid treatment programs.
- Previously, MAT prescribers were limited to a 30-patient limit within the first year of their MAT prescribing authority; Now, MAT prescribers are limited to a 100 patients. Select prescribers, such as those board certified in psychiatry or addiction medicine, may prescribe up to 275 patients.
- A one-time requirement of 24 education hours was made mandatory for all prescribers to obtain a waiver.

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